PULSE / TRI-STATE-TO-ANALOG TRANSDUCERS PWA SERIES

DESCRIPTION

The **Kele PWA-1A pulse-to-analog transducer** converts a DIP switch selectable pulse-width modulation (PWM) input to 0-18V and 0-20 mA outputs (factory set for 1-5V and 4-20 mA). The **PWA-1A** is furnished in a unique slim-line design housing, which saves panel space, and can be ordered with an optional DIN rail mounting adapter. The **PWA-2A** is a snap-track mounted version of the **PWA-1A**.

The **PWA-1T** tri-state-to-analog transducer converts two contact closure inputs (tri-state/floating control) to 0-18V and 0-20 mA outputs (factory set for 1-5V and 4-20 mA). It is mounted in a unique slim-line design housing, which saves panel space, and can be ordered with an optional DIN rail mounting adapter. The **PWA-2T** is the snap-track mounted version of the **PWA-1T**.

On all models, the outputs are zero and span adjustable for a wide variety of ranges (factory set for 4-20 mA and 1-5 V). Current and voltage outputs are active simultaneously.

FEATURES

- 255-step resolution in any range
- Adjustable zero and span
- Positive or negative input reference
- 0-20 mA and 0-18 VDC outputs (field adjustable)
- 4-20 mA and 1-5 VDC factory-set outputs
- User-selectable time base
- Jumper-selectable manual output







Kele

PWA-2A (PWA-2T)

SPECIFICATIONS			
Supply Voltage	24 VAC ±10% or 24 VDC ±10%	Output Current	Factory set at 4-20 mA, adjustable
Supply Current	120 mA half wave @ 24 VAC,		0-20 mA zero and span
	or 50 mA @ 24 VDC	Output Resolution	255 steps
Accuracy	±1% of span	Output Voltage	Factory set 1-5 VDC, adjustable
Input			(18 VDC maximum)
PWA-1A, -2A	Pulse-width-modulation (PWM)	Wiring Terminations	Screw terminals
PWA-1T, -2T	Tri-state/Floating, two dry contacts	Operating Temperature	e 32° to 158°F (0° to 70°C)
Input Signal	0 . y	Operating Humidity	5% to 95% RH (non-condensing)
PWA-1A, -2A	PWM: Time base 0.1-2.56, 5.2,	Dimensions	(3,
,	12.85, 25.6 or 0.59-2.93 seconds,	PWA-1A, -1T	3.4"H x 2.0"W x 4.8"D
	DIP switch selectable		(8.6 x 5.1 x 12.4 cm)
PWA-1T2T	Tri-state/floating: time base 2.55, 5.1.	PWA-2A2T	3.3"H x 4.6"W x 1.5 ["] D
100	12.75, 25.5, 59.9, 90.5, or		(8.3 x 11.8 x 3.8 cm)
1-	119.9 seconds. DIP switch selectable	Weight	0.8 lb (0.36 kg)
Output	Simultaneous current and voltage	Warranty	1 vear
	outputs		,
Output Burden	650Ω maximum (4-20 mA): 25 mA		10
	maximum combined current		
	and voltage		1-

1422

YOUR PROJECT PARTNER

September 2016

PULSE / TRI-STATE-TO-ANALOG TRANSDUCERS PWA SERIES



PWA-1A / PWA-2A PWM AND MULTIPLEXED PWM-TO-ANALOG CONTROL

ICS MANUAL OUTPUT CONTROL



The 24V power supply must be connected and the override jumper moved to the MAN OVR position covering the center and inner jumper pins. The manual adjustment potentiometer can then be used to vary the output.

AUTOMATIC OUTPUT CONTROL

Move the override jumper to cover the center and the outer jumper pins.

DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

Owitch 1	Operating	Switch	PWM Time	Switch			Operating	Switch		
Switch I	Mode	2	Base (sec)	3	4	5	Mode	6	7	8
Always off	Single Unit PWM Control	Off	0.1-2.65	Off	Off	Off	Single Unit PWM Control	Off	Off	0#
			0.1-5.2	Off	Off	On				Oli
			0.1-12.85	Off	On	Off				0-
	0,-		0.1-25.6	Off	On	On				
10			0.59-2.93	On	Off	Off			1.	





PULSE / TRI-STATE-TO-ANALOG TRANSDUCERS

PWA SERIES

• • •

Manual

Control

MAN

OVR

PWA-1T / PWA-2T TRI-STATE-TO-ANALOG CONTROL

JUMPER SETTINGS

The 24V power supply must be connected and the override jumper moved to the "MAN OVR" position covering the center and inner jumper pins. The manual adjustment potentiometer can then be used to vary the output.

Kele

AUTOMATIC OUTPUT CONTROL

Move the override jumper to cover the center and the outer jumper pins.

DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

•••

Automatic

Control

MAN

OVR

Outline to d	Operating	Switch	Tri-state	Switch			Operating	Switch		
Switch 1	Mode	2	Time Base	3	4	5	Mode	6	7	8
Always off	Tri-state control	Off	2.55 sec	Off	Off	Off	Tri-state Control	Off	Off	Off
			5.1 sec	Off	Off	On				10
	e.		12.75 sec	Off	On	Off				
			25.5 sec	Off	On	On			2 C	
	1-		59.9 sec	On	Off	Off				
			90.5 sec	On	Off	On				
			119.9 sec	On	On	Off				

PWA-1T / PWA-2T WIRING



L2- STAT (green)	L1- SIG (red)
Steady Green Power On Slow Green Blink Attention mode	Steady Red PWM or tri-state signal present
Rapid Green Blink Select mode	

1424

PULSE / TRI-STATE-TO-ANALOG TRANSDUCERS PWA SERIES



CALIBRATION

Tools required: a multimeter and a signal generator.

The **PWA-1A**, **PWA-2A**, **PWA-1T**, and **PWA-2T** outputs are factory set at 4-20 mA and 1-5V. To change the calibration, see the instructions below. After calibration, alternate between minimum and maximum input pulses and fine tune the mA and voltage potentiometers for desired mA or volt outputs (typically just one more pass is necessary).

FOR APPLICATIONS REQUIRING CURRENT (mA) ONLY OR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE OUTPUT

1. Using a signal generator:

PWA-1A, -2A: Apply a minimum input pulse signal.

PWA-1T, -2T: Apply a contact closure equal to the selected time base, such as 25.5 sec, to the SIG - terminal. 2. With a multimeter connected to mA output, set MA ZERO potentiometer at desired minimum mA output.

3. Using a signal generator:

- PWA-1A, -2A: Apply a maximum input pulse signal.
- PWA-1T, -2T: Apply a contact closure equal to the selected time base to the SIG + terminal.
- 4. Set MA SPAN potentiometer at desired maximum mA output.
- 5. Calibration of mA output is complete. If voltage output is also required, proceed to step 6.
- 6. With multimeter connected to voltage output, set maximum voltage output desired with the VOLT ADJ potentiometer.
- 7. Determine the ratio of maximum mA output to minimum mA output (i.e., 20 mA maximum output: 4 mA minimum output = 5:1).
- 8. The minimum voltage is automatically set according to the ratio of maximum-to-minimum mA output. Using the example from step 7 above for the mA range and using a 10V maximum voltage output, the ratio remains the same (i.e., 20 mA maximum: 4 mA minimum = 5:1 = 10V:2V). The minimum voltage output would be automatically set at 2V. Note: To change voltage output, repeat Steps 3, 6, 7, and 8.

FOR APPLICATIONS REQUIRING VOLTAGE OUTPUT ONLY

- 1. Determine the minimum and maximum voltage output required (0-18V total range).
- 2. Using the following formula, determine the minimum mA output: minimum mA output = 20 mA x desired minimum volts desired maximum volts
- 3. Using a signal generator:
 - PWA-1A, -2A: Apply a minimum input pulse signal.
 - PWA-1T, -2T: Apply a contact closure equal to the selected time base, such as 25.5 sec, to the SIG terminal.
- 4. With a multimeter connected to mA output, set MA ZERO potentiometer at calculated minimum mA output (from formula in step 2).
- 5. Using a signal generator:
 - PWA-1A, -2A. Apply a maximum input pulse signal.
 - PWA-1T, -2T: Apply a contact closure equal to the selected time base to the SIG + terminal.
- 6. Set MA SPAN potentiometer at 20 mA.
- 7. With multimeter connected to voltage output, set the VOLT ADJ potentiometer to desired maximum voltage. The minimum voltage is automatically set according to the ratio of maximum-to-minimum mA output.

ORDERING INFORMATION

	MODEL	DESCRIPTION					
	PWA-1A	Pulse-to-analog enclosed transducer					
	PWA-2A	Pulse-to-analog snap-track mount transducer					
	PWA-1T	Tri-state-to-analog enclosed transducer					
	PWA-2T Tri-state-to-analog snap-track mount transducer						
		OPTIONS					
		47 DIN rail mounting adapter (For PWA-1A and PWA-1T only)					
		С	Factory calibrate for special output range (specify range when ordering)				
PWA-1A 47 Example: PWA-1A-47 Enclosed pulse-to-analog transducer with DIN rail mounting							